

# The Gazette of India

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**No. 22] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1959/JAISTHA 9, 1881**


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**NOTICE**

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary was/were published upto the 16th May 1959 :—

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
67	G.S.R. 587, dated the 15th May 1959.	Ministry of Finance.	Exemption from the whole of the duty leviable on rayon or artificial silk fabrics etc.— details given therein.
	G.S.R. 588, dated the 15th May, 1959.	Do.	Fixation of rates per shift, per powerloom, per month employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or art silk fabrics.
	G.S.R. 589, dated the 15th May 1959.	Do.	Fixation of rates per shift, per warp knitting machine, per month employed on or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or art silk fabrics.
	G.S.R. 590, dated the 15th May 1959.	Do.	Fixation of rates of additional excise duty per shift, per powerloom, per month employed by or on behalf of same person in the manufacture of rayon or art silk fabrics.
	G.S.R. 591, dated the 15th May 1959.	Do.	Fixation of rates of additional excise duty per shift, per warp knitting machine, per month employed by or on behalf of the same person in the manufacture of rayon or art silk fabrics.

Issue No.	No. and date	Issued by	Subject
68	G.S.R. 592, dated the 16th May 1959.	Ministry of Affairs.	Home. Further amendments in the Ministers (Allowances, Medical Treatment and other Privileges) Rules, 1957.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

### PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (i)

**General Statutory Rules (including orders, bye-laws etc. of a general character) issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories).**

#### MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

##### ORDER

*New Delhi, the 21st May 1959*

**G.S.R. 615.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 4 of the Inter-State Corporations Act, 1957 (38 of 1957), the Central Government, after consulting the Governments of the States of Bombay, Mysore and Rajasthan, approves with certain modifications, the scheme forwarded by the Government of Bombay relating to the reconstitution and reorganisation of the Board of Ayurvedic and Unani Systems of Medicine, Bombay and the Faculty of Ayurvedic and Unani Systems of Medicine, Bombay, being corporations constituted under the Bombay Medical Practitioners' Act, 1938 (Bom. XXVI of 1938) and now functioning in parts of the States of Bombay, Mysore and Rajasthan, and for the purpose of giving effect to the scheme so approved, the Central Government hereby makes the following Order, namely:—

**1. Short title & commencement.**—(1) This Order may be called the Bombay Board and Faculty of Ayurvedic and Unani Systems of Medicine (Reconstitution and Reorganisation) Order, 1959.

(2) It shall come into force on the 1st day of June 1959.

**2. Definitions.**—In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires,—

- "Abu area" means the Abu Road taluka of Banaskantha district transferred from the former State of Bombay to the new State of Rajasthan;
- "Act" means the Bombay Medical Practitioners' Act, 1938 (Bom. XXVI of 1938);
- "appointed day" means the date on which this Order comes into force;
- "Board" means the Board of Ayurvedic and Unani Systems of Medicine, Bombay, constituted under the Act;
- "Faculty" means the Faculty of Ayurvedic and Unani Systems of Medicine, Bombay constituted under the Act;
- "Karnatak area" means the districts of Bijapur, Dharwar and Kanara and the Belgaum district (excluding the Chandgad taluka), transferred from the former State of Bombay to the new State of Mysore;
- "pre-Reorganisation State of Bombay excluding the transferred territories" means the territories which immediately before the first day of November 1956 were comprised in the State of Bombay, excluding the Abu area and the Karnatak area;

- (h) "Rajasthan Board" means the Board of Indian Medicine, Rajasthan, constituted under the Rajasthan Indian Medicine Act, 1953 (Rajasthan Act V 1953);
- (i) all other words and expressions used herein and not defined but defined in the Act shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Act.

**3. Exclusion of certain areas and members from Board and Faculty.**—As from the appointed day,—

- (1) (a) the Board and the Faculty shall cease to function and operate in the Abu area and in the Karnatak area;
- (b) the following members of the Board from the Karnatak area shall cease to be members thereof, namely:—
  - (i) Vaidya Gadag Amarappa Virappa, Bhishagwar, 795, Mettigalli, Belgaum;
  - (ii) Vaidya Hiremath Shankarayya Rachayya, Bhishagwar, Codbole, Mal, Bijapur;
- (c) Vaidya Adya Anantcharya, Gandhi Road, Bijapur, a member of the Faculty from the Karnatak area shall cease to be a member thereof, and accordingly the Board and the Faculty so constituted shall be deemed to be the Board and the Faculty constituted under the Act;
- (2) the Government of Mysore shall exercise the powers and perform the functions of the Board and of the Faculty for the Karnatak area and shall be deemed to be the Board and the Faculty constituted under the Act for the said area;
- (3) the Rajasthan Board shall exercise the powers and perform the functions of the Board and of the Faculty for the Abu area and shall be deemed to be the Board and the Faculty constituted under the Act for the said area.

**4. Provision regarding register & list.**—The register and the list duly maintained under the Act, and in force immediately before the appointed day, shall on and from that date be deemed to be the register and list for each of the areas of the States of Bombay, Mysore and Rajasthan to which the Act extends, and the names of registered practitioners and persons on such register and list shall, without further fee or charge, continue thereon for the period for which such registration or entry in the list was made or renewed, or until duly amended or altered by a competent Legislature or other competent authority under the Act.

**5. Recovery of outstanding fees and dues.**—All fees and other dues payable to the Board and the Faculty under the Act in respect of the period beginning with the first day of November 1956 and ending with the appointed day, shall,—

- (a) if the dues are payable by any practitioner or other person who is ordinarily resident in the pre-Reorganisation State of Bombay excluding the transferred territories, be recovered by the Board or the Faculty, as the case may be;
- (b) if the dues are payable by any practitioner or person ordinarily resident in the Karnatak area, be recovered by the Government of Mysore;
- (c) if the dues are payable by any practitioner or other person who is ordinarily resident in the Abu area, be recovered by the Rajasthan Board.

**6. Division of moneys of Board and Faculty.**—The cash balances held by the Board and the Faculty immediately before the appointed day shall, after deducting respectively all the liabilities of the Board and the Faculty upto that date, be apportioned among the Board or the Faculty, as the case may be, and the Government of Mysore and the Rajasthan Board, in such proportion as may be agreed upon between the parties concerned, or in default of such agreement, as the Central Government may determine.

**7. Contracts.**—Where before the appointed day, the Board or, as the case may be, the Faculty has made any contract, that contract shall be deemed to have been made—

- (a) if the purposes of the contract are as from the appointed day exclusively relatable to the Karnatak area, by the Government of Mysore;
- (b) if the purposes of the contract are as from that day exclusively relatable to the Abu area, by the Rajasthan Board;

(c) in any other case, by the Board or, as the case may be, the Faculty and

all rights and liabilities which have accrued or may accrue under any such contract shall to the extent to which they would have been the rights and liabilities of the Board or, as the case may be, the Faculty be the rights and liabilities of the Government of Mysore, the Rajasthan Board or the Board or the Faculty, as the case may be.

**8. Residuary provision.**—Any other assets or liabilities of the Board and the Faculty not expressly provided for shall continue to be the assets or liabilities of the Board or the Faculty, as the case may be, subject to apportionment among the Board or the Faculty; as the case may be, and the State of Mysore and the Rajasthan Board, in such proportion as may be agreed upon between the parties concerned, or in default of such agreement, as the Central Government may direct.

**9. Legal proceedings.**—Where immediately before the appointed day, the Board or, as the case may be, the Faculty is a party to any legal proceedings instituted in any court in the State of Mysore or Rajasthan by or against any practitioner or other person, the Government of Mysore or the Rajasthan Board, shall respectively be deemed to be substituted for the Board or, as the case may be, the Faculty as a party to those proceedings, and the proceedings may continue accordingly.

**10. Transfer of certain proceedings pending before Board.**—Any proceeding relating to a practitioner which is pending immediately before the appointed day before the Board shall on that date stand transferred, for disposal according to law,—

- (a) to the Government of Mysore, if the practitioner is ordinarily resident in the Karnatak area; and
- (b) to the Rajasthan Board, if the practitioner is ordinarily resident in the Abu area.

**11. Adaptations and modifications in Act.**—As from the appointed day, the Act shall, until altered, repealed or amended by the competent Legislature of a State have effect subject to the provisions of, and the adaptations and modifications directed by, the Schedule hereto annexed.

#### SCHEDULE

(See paragraph 11)

*The Bombay Medical Practitioners' Act, 1938 (Bom. XXVI of 1938).*

**Section 1.**—For sub-section (2), the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2) It extends to the territories which immediately before the first day of November 1956 were comprised in the State of Bombay”.

**Section 2.**—In section 2, in sub-sections (1) and (1B), the word “Bombay” shall be omitted.

After section 2, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

“2A. *Construction of certain references in their application to parts of Mysore & Rajasthan States to which Act extends.*—In the application of the Act to that part of the State of Mysore or Rajasthan to which it extends, any reference therein, by whatever form of words,

- (1) to the State or the State Government shall be construed as a reference respectively to the State or the Government of Mysore or Rajasthan, as the case may be;
- (2) to Indian Medical Degrees Act, 1916 (VII of 1916), the Bombay Medical Act, 1912 (Bom. VI of 1912), the Bombay Homeopathic Act, 1951 (Bom. XLVIII of 1951), and the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors Registration Act, 1935 (Bom. VII of 1935), shall be construed as a reference to the corresponding Act, if any, in force in that part of the State of Mysore or Rajasthan, as the case may be, to which this Act extends.”

**Section 3.**—In section 3, for the words “Medicine. Bombay” the word “Medicine....” shall be substituted.

**Section 3A.**—In Section 3A, for the words "There shall be a Faculty" the words "In each of the areas of the States to which this Act extends, there shall be a Faculty" shall be substituted and the word "Bombay" shall be omitted.

After section 3A, the following new section shall be inserted, namely:—

**"Section 3B.—Temporary provision in respect of Boards and Faculties.**—  
Notwithstanding anything contained in section 3 or section 3A,—

- (a) the Board and Faculty functioning and operating immediately before the date on which an order under section 4 of the Inter-State Corporations Act, 1957 (Central Act 38 of 1957), comes into force shall as from that date and until the expiry of the term of the said Board or Faculty, be deemed to be respectively the Board and the Faculty for the area of the State of Bombay to which this Act extends; but the members of the Board and the Faculty who immediately before that date are ordinarily resident outside that area, shall on that date cease to be members of such Board or, as the case may be, such Faculty, and the total number of members of such Board or, as the case may be, such Faculty shall to that extent be reduced;
- (b) in respect of the area in the State of Mysore to which this Act extends, the Government of Mysore, and in respect of the area in the State of Rajasthan to which this Act extends, the Board of Indian Medicine, Rajasthan, constituted under the Rajasthan Indian Medicine Act, 1953 (Rajasthan Act V of 1953).

shall, until a Board and a Faculty are duly constituted for the said areas under sections 3 and 3A, perform the functions, discharge the duties and exercise the powers of a Board and a Faculty under this Act."

**Section 18A.**—After section 18A, the following new section shall be inserted, namely:—

**"18AA. Temporary provisions in respect of register and list.**—The register and list duly maintained under this Act and in force immediately before the date on which an order under section 4 of the Inter-State Corporations Act, 1957 (Central Act 38 of 1957), comes into force, shall on and from that date, be deemed to be the register and list for each of the areas of the States of Bombay, Mysore and Rajasthan to which this Act extends, and the names of registered practitioners and persons on such register and list shall, without further charge or fee, continue thereon for the period for which such registration or entry in the list was made or renewed, or until duly amended or altered under the other provisions of this Act."

**Section 19.**—In clause (1), for the words "State of Bombay" at both the places where they occur, the word "State" shall be substituted.

**Insertion of new section.**—After section 39, the following new section shall be added, namely:—

**"40. Removal of difficulties.**—If any difficulty arises in giving effect in the Abu area to any provisions of this Act, the State Government may, by an order notified in the official gazette, make such provision or give such directions as appear to it to be necessary for the removal of the difficulty."

[No. F. 8/12/58-SR(R).]

HARI SHARMA, Addl. Secy.

New Delhi, the 23rd May 1959

**G.S.R. 616.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules, namely:—

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Indian Administrative Service Training School (Recruitment to Non-gazetted Posts) Rules, 1959.
2. **Method of recruitment.**—The method of recruitment, educational and other qualifications, age limit, scale of pay, period of probation and certain other matters relating to the non-gazetted posts in the Indian Administrative Service Training School shall be as laid down in the Schedule annexed hereto.

3. *Disqualification.*—No person who has more than one wife living or marrying a person having a wife living shall be eligible for appointment to any post referred to in rule 2.

Provided that the Central Government may, in any exceptional case, and for reasons to be recorded in writing, exempt any person from the operation of this rule.

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Sl. No.	Name of post	Number of post	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits.
1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	Accountant	One	General Central Service, Class II (Non-Gazetted) Ministerial.	Ra. 160-10-300-EB-15-450 plus a special pay of Rs. 30 when held by an Assistant in the C. S.S. or Grade pay (Rs. 200-25-500) plus 20% special pay, if held by an officer of the Subordinate Accounts Service.	Not Applicable	Below 30 years. (Subject to usual relaxation in the case of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons and other special categories in accordance with the general orders issued by the Government of India from time to time.

Sl. No.	Name of post	Classification, whether gazetted or non-gazetted and whether ministerial or non-ministerial	Scale of Pay	Duties	Number of posts	Method of recruitment whether by transfer or direct recruitment
1	2	3	4	5	6	
2	Librarian	General Central Service, Class III, Non-Gazetted, Non-Ministerial.	Ra. 160-10-350	He is responsible for the selection, purchase, receipt and issue of books, preparation of index cards and catalogues, and reference work in library of the School.	One	By transfer, failing which by direct recruitment.

RULE  
Rule 2

Educational and other qualifications required	Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of persons recruited by transfer	Period of probation, if any	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or transfer and Percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of recruitment by transfer, grades from which transfer is to be made
7	8	9	10	11
Essential :—				
1. Degree in Arts, Science or Commerce of a recognised University.	No	One year	By transfer on deputation, failing which by direct recruitment.	By transfer on deputation of a qualified Accountant from any of the organised Accounts Services (Sub-ordinate Accounts Service of the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, Military Accounts Departments etc.) or by transfer of as Assistants in the Central Sectt. Service, failing which by direct recruitment.
2. At least 3 years' practical experience in General Financial Rules, Service Rules, and Treasury Rules in Government office.				
(Qualifications relaxable at the discretion of the Union Public Service Commission in case of candidates otherwise well-qualified)				

For direct recruitment only		Period of probation, if any	Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for direct recruitment will apply in case of appointment by transfer	Grades/Sources from which transfer is to be made
Age limit	Educational and other qualifications required	9	10	11
Between 22 and 30 years of age subject to usual relaxation in the case of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons and other special categories, in accordance with the general orders issued by the Government of India from time to time.	(i) Graduate in Arts with degree or diploma in Library Science from recognised University/institution. (ii) At least three years, practical experience in reference work in a big library.	Period of probation—one year.	No	From Ministries/ Departments of the Government of India.

1	2	3	4	5	6
3 Horticulture Instructor.	General Central Service, Class III, Non-Gazetted, Non-Ministerial.	Rs. 100-8-140-10-300.	Practical training of Indian Administrative Service probationers in agriculture and gardening.	One	By transfer, failing which by direct recruitment.
4 Physical Training Instructor.	General Central Service, Class III, Non-Gazetted, Non-Ministerial.	(1) Rs. 80-5-120-EB-8-200-10/2-220. (for a Matriculate with two years' training in a recognised institution). (2) Rs. 120-8-200-EB-10-300 (for a graduate with diploma in physical training).	Organising physical training and games for the Indian Administrative Service Probationers.	One	By transfer, failing which by direct recruitment.
5 Staff Car Driver.	General Central Service, Class III, Non-Gazetted, Non-Ministerial.	Rs. 60-5/2-75	Driving of the Staff Car of the Indian Administrative Service Training School; maintenance of the car in a neat and tidy condition and attending to minor defects.	One	By transfer, failing which by direct recruitment.
6 Compounder]	General Central Service, Class III or IV according to the scale of pay, Non-Gazetted, Non-Ministerial.	(i) Rs. 60-3-81-EB-4-125-5-130 (Class III post), or (ii) Rs. 40-1-50-2-60 (Class IV post).	To look after the health and treatment of the Indian Administrative Service Probationers under the general guidance of a Doctor.	One	By transfer, failing which by direct recruitment.



7	8	9	10	11
Between 20 and 35 years of age subject to usual relaxation in the case of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons and other special categories in accordance with the general orders issued by the Government of India from time to time.	(i) Bachelor of Science in Agriculture with Horticulture as main subject; or,  (ii) Matriculation with practical experience of at least three years in vegetables, fruits and flower-gardening.	Period of probation—one year.	No	From Ministries/ Departments/ Offices of the Govt. of India or the State Governments.
Between 22 and 35 years of age subject to usual relaxation in case of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons and other special categories in accordance with the general orders issued by the Government of India from time to time.	As given in Column (3)	Period of probation—one year.	No	From Ministries/ Departments of the Government of India or State Governments.
Between 18 and 30 years of age subject to usual relaxation in case of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons and other special categories in accordance with the general orders issued by the Govt. of India from time to time.	(i) He should have passed Middle standard and possess working knowledge of English;  (ii) He must have at least two years' experience in Motor car driving and possess knowledge and experience of minor repairs of motor car. He must also possess a valid motor car driving licence.	Period of probation—one year.	No.	From Ministries/ Departments/ Offices of the Govt. of India or of the State Governments.
Between 20 and 30 years of age subject to usual relaxation in case of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons, and other special categories in accordance with the general orders issued by the Govt. of India from time to time.	(i) Must have passed Matriculation and recognised compounders' examination/test, and possess professional qualifications entitling him to be registered under the Pharmacy Act. He must also possess sound practical experience in the post of compounder in Government hospital or a reputable firm of dispensing chemists.  (ii) Three years' practical experience in the post of a compounder in a Government hospital or a reputable firm of dispensing chemists.	Period of probation—one year.	No	From Ministries/ Departments/ Offices of the Govt. of India or of the State Governments.

[No. 17/1/58-AIS(III).]

S. NARAYANSWAMY, Dy. Secy.

**MINISTRY OF FINANCE****(Department of Revenue)****MEDICINAL AND TOILET PREPARATIONS***New Delhi, the 23rd May 1959*

**G.S.R. 617.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Act, 1955 (16 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Medicinal and Toilet Preparations (Excise Duties) Rules, 1956, namely—

In the said Rules, in rule 2,

- (i) in clause (xiv), for the words "the Police or Prohibition Department", the words "any other Department" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in clause (xv), for the words "an officer of an Excise Department", the words "an excise officer" shall be substituted.

[No. 9.]

M. C. DAS, Dy. Secy.

**(Department of Revenue)****CENTRAL EXCISES***New Delhi, the 23rd May 1959*

**G.S.R. 618.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (1) of rule 8 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, read with sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Mineral Oils (Additional Duties of Excise and Customs) Act, 1958 (27 of 1958), the Central Government hereby exempts, with effect from the 20th day of May, 1958, any mineral oil, which is classifiable as furnace oil, from the whole of the duty of excise leviable thereon under section 3 of the said Act provided it possesses a viscosity of over one thousand seconds by the Redwood I Viscometer at one hundred degrees of Fahrenheit's thermometer.

[No. 61/59.]

**G.S.R. 619.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (I of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendments in the Central Excise Rules, 1944, namely:—

In Appendix I to the said Rules:—

(1) in the table under the heading "List of Central Excise Forms", after the entries relating to Central Excise Series No. 21, the following entries shall be inserted, namely:—

Central Excise Series No.	Description of form	Rule No.	Short title
21-A	Bond for satisfactorily accounting for excisable goods on manufacture	48	B-2(a) "

(2) after Form B-2 (Central Excise Series No. 21), the following form shall be inserted, namely:—

"Central Excise Series No. 21-A.

Range Circle.

FORM B-2(A)

Bond to be entered into by a manufacturer of excisable goods.

(Rule 48)

(Delete the letters and words not applicable)

I/We \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ hereinafter called obligor(s)  
am \_\_\_\_\_ bound to the President of India in the sum of \_\_\_\_\_  
are jointly and severally \_\_\_\_\_  
rupees to be paid to the President of India for which payment \_\_\_\_\_ I \_\_\_\_\_  
we jointly and severally  
bind myself/ourselves and my/our legal representatives. The above bounden  
obligor(s) having applied to the Collector of Central Excise at \_\_\_\_\_  
(hereinafter called the Collector) for and obtained a licence for the manufacture of \_\_\_\_\_  
at his/their factory at \_\_\_\_\_ the licence being  
entered in the Central Excise records as No. \_\_\_\_\_ dated \_\_\_\_\_

Whereas the Collector has required the obligor(s) to deposit as guarantee for the amount of this Bond,

the sum of \_\_\_\_\_ rupees in cash \_\_\_\_\_  
the securities as hereinafter mentioned of a total face value \_\_\_\_\_  
of \_\_\_\_\_ rupees endorsed in favour of the Collector, Deputy Collector,  
Assistant Collector or Superintendent of Central Excise, namely:—

And whereas the obligor(s) has/have furnished such guarantee by depositing with the Collector the cash/securities as aforementioned.

The condition of this bond is that if the obligor(s) and his/their legal representatives shall observe all the provisions of the Central Excise Rules 1944, and all such amendments thereto, as may be issued from time to time and in particular shall give a full and proper account of all the excisable goods produced in the factory to the satisfaction of the Collector;

And if all dues, whether duty or other lawful charges which shall be demandable on the goods produced in the factory be duly paid into the treasury in the account of the Collector within ten days of the date of demand thereof being made in writing by the said officer of the Central Excise.

This obligation shall be void.

Otherwise and on breach or failure in the performance of any part of this condition, the same shall be in full force.

I/We declare that this bond is given under the orders of the Central Government for the performance of an act in which the public are interested.

Signature(s) of obligor(s)

Witnesses (1)

Address (1)

Occupation (1)

(2)

Address (2)

Occupation (2)

Accepted by me this

day of

1959.

.....of Central Excise."

[No. 62/59.]

S. K. BHATTACHARJEE, Dy. Secy.

(Department of Revenue)

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 23rd May 1959

**G.S.R. 620.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the

notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. 263-Customs, dated the 11th October, 1958, namely:—

In the said notification, for the word "amodiaquin" the words "amodiaquin hydrochloride" shall be substituted.

[No. 105.]

*New Delhi, the 30th May 1959*

**G.S.R. 621.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Gold Jewellery) Rules, 1957, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3), namely:—

#### *Amendment*

"In rule 2 of the said Rules clause (e) shall be deleted and clause (f) renumbered as clause (e)".

[No. 106/F.No. 34/15/59-Cus.IV.]

**G.S.R. 622.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958 and in the Customs Duties Drawback (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3), namely:—

#### *Amendment*

In the Customs Duties Drawback (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958 and in the Customs Duties Drawback (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, to rule 3, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that no such drawback shall be allowed if such goods have been taken into use after manufacture."

[No. 107/F.No. 34/27/59-Cus.IV.]

**G.S.R. 623.**—The following draft of an amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 3rd July, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

#### *Draft Amendment*

In the First Schedule to the said Rules, for the existing item 20 and the entries relating thereto, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"20. Handicrafts and other articles made of alabaster	Rupees one hundred and thirty per ton".
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[No. 108/F.No. 34/96/59-Cus.IV.]

**G.S.R. 624.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby appoints the Director of Administration in the office of the Chief Controller of Imports and Exports, New Delhi, to be a Customs Collector.

[No. 109.]

**G.S.R. 625.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby appoints the Deputy Chief Controllers of Imports and Exports incharge of Administration in the offices of the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports, New Delhi, and the Joint Chief Controllers of Imports and Exports, Bombay, Calcutta, and Madras to be officers of Customs and to exercise the powers conferred and perform the duties imposed by the said Act on such officers.

[No. 110.]

**G.S.R. 626.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India, in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), No. 296—Customs, dated the 6th December, 1958, namely:—

*Amendment*

In the Schedule to the said notification the entries against Serial Nos. 27 and 42 shall be deleted.

[No. 111/F.No. 34/67/58-Cus.IV.]

**G.S.R. 627.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3), namely:—

*Amendment*

In the First Schedule appended to the said rules, the entries against Serial Nos. 9, 15 and 19 shall be omitted.

[No. 112/F.No. 34/67/58-Cus IV.]

**G.S.R. 628.**—The following draft of a further amendment in the Customs Duties Drawback (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, is published as required by the said sub-section (3) of the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 3rd July, 1959.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

*Draft Amendment*

In the First Schedule appended to the said rules, the entries against Serial No. 5 shall be deleted.

[No. 113/F.No. 34/97/59-Cus.IV.]

CUSTOMS AND CENTRAL EXCISE

New Delhi, the 30th May 1959

**G.S.R. 629.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Brand Rates)

Rules, 1958, and in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3) of section 43B, namely:—

*Amendment*

In the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Brand Rates) Rules, 1958 and the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, to rule 3, the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

“Provided that no such refund shall be allowed if such goods have been taken into use after manufacture.”

[No. 37/F.No. 34/27/59-Cus.IV.]

**G.S.R. 630.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 43B of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (8 of 1878), and section 37 of the Central Excises and Salt Act, 1944 (1 of 1944), as in force in India and as applied to the State of Pondicherry, the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Customs and Central Excise Duties Refund (Fixed Rates) Rules, 1958, the same having been previously published as required under the said sub-section (3) of section 43B, namely:—

*Amendment*

In the said rules, in the First Schedule after item 9 and the entry relating thereto, the following shall be inserted, namely:—

“10. Paper products, namely:—

(1) Playing cards . . . . . Seventy-three naye paise per pound.

(2) Carbon papers—

(a) carbon papers in the manufacture of which imported tissue paper has been used—

(i) typewriter carbon paper, black . . . . . Thirty-one rupees and fifty naye paise per one hundred boxes of hundred foolscap sheets each.

(ii) typewriter carbon paper, blue . . . . . Thirty rupees and seventy naye paise per one hundred boxes of hundred foolscap sheets each.

(iii) pencil or pen carbon paper, black . . . . . Twenty-five rupees and sixty-five naye paise per one hundred boxes of hundred foolscap sheets each.

(iv) pencil or pen carbon paper, blue . . . . . Twenty-five rupees and ten naye paise per one hundred boxes of hundred foolscap sheets each.

(b) carbon papers in the manufacture of which indigenous tissue paper has been used—

(i) typewriter carbon paper, black . . . . . Eighteen rupees and seventy naye paise per one hundred boxes of hundred foolscap sheets each.

(ii) typewriter carbon paper, blue . . . . . Seventeen rupees and eighty-five naye paise per one hundred boxes of hundred foolscap sheets each.

(iii) pencil or pen carbon paper, black . . . . . Eleven rupees and eighty naye paise per one hundred boxes of hundred foolscap sheets each.

(iv) pencil or pen carbon paper, blue . . . . . Eleven rupees and twenty naye paise per one hundred boxes of hundred foolscap sheets each.

NOTE.— 1. The term ‘foolscap’ refers to size  $8\frac{1}{2} \times 13$ ”.

2. The rate of refund on carbon papers of sizes other than foolscap will be proportionately higher or lower than the rates

indicated above according as the area of such papers is higher or lower than foolscap size.

- (3) Articles in the manufacture of which the following paper or board is used :—
- (i) blotting, toilet, target, tissue, teleprinter, typewriting, manifold, bank, bond, art paper, chrome paper, tubsized paper, cheque paper, stamp paper, cartridge paper and parchment. Fifteen naye paise per pound of paper content.
  - (ii) printing paper, writing paper, packing paper and wrapping paper. Ten naye paise per pound of paper content.
  - (iii) millboard and strawboard. Five naye paise per pound of paper content.
  - (iv) duplex and triplex board. Ten naye paise per pound of paper content.
  - (v) pulpboard. Ten naye paise per pound of paper content.
  - (vi) manila and corrugated board. Ten naye paise per pound of paper content.
  - (vii) coated board. Fifteen naye paise per pound of paper content.
  - (viii) paper and paper-board other than the foregoing. Fifteen naye paise per pound of paper content.

[No. 38 F. No. 34/67 58-Cus. IV]

M. A. RANGASWAMY, Dy. Secy.

#### (Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 27th May 1959

**G.S.R. 631.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (42 of 1956), and in partial modification of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Economic Affairs) S.R.O. 3272 published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary Part II—Section 3, dated the 10th October, 1957, the Central Government hereby imposes the following conditions in substitution of conditions Nos. 1 to 3 of the aforesaid Notification, namely:—

1. The share of Rs. 1,000 issued by the Association shall be converted into four shares of Rs. 250 each. Firms shall not be admitted or continued as members of the Association, provided that (a) such of the firms as were admitted to membership before the 10th October, 1957 shall be permitted to continue as members only for a period of five years from the said date or for so long as there is no change in their partnership, whichever is earlier, and (b) each partner holds a share of Rs. 250. Subject to the above, the shares held by partners of member-firms admitted before the said date may be either in their own names or in the joint names of the partners of such firms.
2. A membership deposit of Rs. 20,000 shall be taken from every member: Provided that:—
  - (a) in the case of member-firms admitted before the said date and having more than one partner, the deposit shall be taken in the following manner, namely;
    - Rs. 30,000/- from member=firm with 2 partners,
    - Rs. 40,000/- from member=firm with 3 partners and
    - Rs. 50,000/- from member=firm with 4 partners or more.

This concessional deposit will remain operative only so long as the member-firms are permitted to continue as members in terms of Condition No. 1;

- (b) in the case of a partner of a member-firm admitted before the said date, no deposit shall be taken if he has been a partner of such a firm for not less than fifteen years without any break and if he has exclusively been engaged in the business of dealing in securities and in no other business, but in no case shall the deposit payable by a member-firm be below Rs. 20,000.
3. The Board of Directors shall consist of 19 Directors of whom 16 shall be elected on a proportional representation basis, unless the members themselves mutually agree to general election basis, and 3 Directors nominated by the Central Government.

[No. 3/2/SE/EAD/58.]

A. BAKSI, Jt. Secy.

## MINISTRY OF STEEL, MINES AND FUEL

(Department of Iron and Steel)

*New Delhi, the 26th April, 1959*

**G.S.R. 632.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment to the posts of Superintendent in the Iron and Steel Control Organisation of the Ministry of Steel, Mines and Fuel (Department of Iron & Steel):—

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Iron and Steel Control Organisation (Recruitment to posts of Superintendent) Rules, 1959.
2. **Qualifications, method of recruitment etc.**—The qualifications, method of recruitment and other matters relating to the posts of Superintendent in the Iron and Steel Control Organisation of the Department of Iron and Steel shall be as specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.
3. **Saving.**—These rules shall not apply to the officers who were appointed as Superintendent aforesaid prior to the coming into force of these rules.



SCHEDULE

*Recruitment Rules for the Post of Superintendent in the Office of the Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta.*

Name of post	No. of posts	Classifications	Scale of pay	Whether selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits	Educational and other qualifications required for direct recruits	Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of promotees	Period of probation, or trial, if any.	Method of rectt. whether by direct rectt. or by promotion or transfer & percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of rectt. by promotion/transfer, grades from which promotion to be made	Circumstances in which U.P.S.C. is to be consulted in making recruitment
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Superintendent	2	General Central Service Class II, non-gazetted, Ministerial.	Rs. 400-20-500	Selection post	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Six months	Promotion	Assistants (including Assistant in-charge) in the Iron & Steel Control Organisation who have at least two years, experience of supervisory work.	Consultation will not be necessary if the officer promoted holds a permanent or quasi-permanent post of Assistant (including Assistant in-charge).

[No. IS(B)-10(21)/56/EST.]

H. S. GILL, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT & COMMUNICATIONS

(Department of Transport)

(Transport Wing)

PORTS

*New Delhi, the 18th May 1959*

**G.S.R. 633.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (2) of the said section, namely:—

### RULES

1. **Short title.**—These rules may be called the Calcutta Port (Haldia Anchorage) Rules, 1959.

2. **Haldia to be anchorage.**—The area within the limits specified in the Schedule shall be known as the Haldia anchorage and be used by vessels for loading and un-loading of cargo.

3. **User with approval of Port Commissioners.**—The approval of the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta shall be necessary for using the anchorage for loading or unloading of cargo.

### THE SCHEDULE

#### *Anchorage at Haldia*

Haldia anchorage, situated off the right bank of the Hooghly River in the vicinity of the outfall of the Haldia River about 56½ nautical miles downstream of Calcutta, and defined as follows:—

On the North.—A line drawn across the River Hooghly with Balari Tower (Latitude 22°—02'—51.9" N Longitude 88°—07'—19.4" E) bearing 330°.

On the South.—A line drawn across the River Hooghly with old Mud Point Telegraph Office (Latitude 21°—55'—22.1" N Longitude 88°—07'—19.4" E) bearing 136°.

On the East.—The 12 ft. contour on the eastern edge of Haldia channel.

[No. 9-PDI(150)/58.]

NAKUL SEN, Jt. Secy.

### of Communication & Civil Av

*New Delhi, the 20th May 1959*

**G.S.R. 634.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to Article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules for regulating the recruitment to non-gazetted posts in the Posts and Telegraphs Directorate, namely:—

1. **Short Title.**—These rules may be called the Posts and Telegraphs Directorate (Recruitment to Proof Readers and Copy-holders posts) Rules, 1959.

2. **Application.**—These rules shall apply to recruitment to the posts specified in column (1) of the Schedule to these rules.

**3. Classification, scale of pay etc.**—The classification of the posts and the scales of pay attached thereto shall be as specified in columns (2) and (3) of the said schedule.

**4. Method of recruitment etc.**—The age limits and other qualifications for recruitment to the posts aforesaid, the method of recruitment and other matters relating thereto shall be as specified in columns (4), to (6) of the schedule aforesaid.

SCHB

1	2	3	4			5	
Name of the post	Its classification. (whether gazetted or non-gazetted, whether ministerial or non-ministerial)	Scale of pay	Percentage of posts to be filled by			For direct recruitment only	
			(i) Direct recruitment	(ii) Promotion	(iii) Transfer	(i) Age limits	
			By selection (a)	Seniority-cum-fitness (b)			
(1) Copy Holder	Class III, non-gazetted, non-ministerial.	Rs. 60-5/2-75.	100% by direct recruitment	...	...	...	18-25 years. The maximum age limit shall be relaxable in favour of certain categories e.g. members of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, Displaced persons etc., in accordance with the orders issued by Govt. from time to time.
(2) Jr. Proof Reader.	Class III, non-gazetted, non-ministerial.	Rs. 64-3-85-4-125	50% by direct recruitment	50% by promotion by selection. NOTE.—If suitable Copy holders are not available the posts will be filled by direct recruitment	...	...	18-25 years. The maximum age limit shall be relaxable in favour of certain categories e.g. members of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, Displaced persons etc., in accordance with the orders issued by the Govt. of India from time to time.
(3) Sr. Proof Reader.	Class III-non-gazetted, non-ministerial.	Rs. 100-5-125-6-155— Rs. 6-185	...	...	100% by promotion on the basis of seniority cum-fitness.	...	...

**RULE**

Column (5) contd. from pre-page

6

For Direct Recruitment only		For promotion/transfer only	
Educational and other qualifications required (ii)	Period of probation if any (iii)	Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for direct recruitment will apply in the case of appointment by promotion/transfer (i)	Grades from which promotions transfers are to be made (ii)
<hr/>			
(1) Copy holders :			
Educational—Matriculation of a recognised University.		One year	
Technical—Should have previous experience in proof reading and comparing—good knowledge of Hindi, if the post is of a Hindi Copy holder.			
 (2) Junior proof reader :			
Educational : Matriculation of a recognised University.			
Technical : Should hold a diploma in proof correcting and should have good knowledge of Hindi, if the post is that of a Hindi Jr. Proof Reader.		One year.	
		date must have at least one year's service as Copy holder in the P & T Directorate.	
 (3) Sr. Proof Reader :			
...		...	
		Junior proof readers working in the Directorate, who have put in at least three years service in that grade.	

**NOTE.**—No male candidate, who has more than one wife living and no female candidate who has married a person having already a wife living shall be eligible for appointment; provided that the Government of India after being satisfied that there are special grounds for doing so, exempt any such candidate from the operation of this rule.

[No. 16-17/58-Admn.]

B. G. DESHMUKH, Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF HEALTH

New Delhi, the 19th May 1959

**G.S.R. 635.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules regulating the recruitment to certain Class I and Class II posts at the Central Food Laboratory, Calcutta, namely:—

1. These rules may be called the Central Food Laboratory, Calcutta (Recruitment to Class I and Class II posts) Rules, 1959.
2. These rules shall apply to the recruitment to the posts specified in column 1 of the Schedule annexed hereto.
3. The number of posts, classification thereof, the scales of pay attached to them, the qualifications for and the method of recruitment to the said posts and other matters pertaining thereto shall be as indicated in columns 2 to 13 of the said Schedule.

THE

Recruitment Rules for the Class I and Class II Posts in the Central Food

Name of post	No. of posts	Classification	Scale of pay	Whether Selection post or non-selection post	Age limit for direct recruits	Education and other qualifications required for direct recruits
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Director	One	G.C.S. Class I Gazetted	Rs. 1600-100-2000.	N.A.	Below 50 years.	<p><i>Essential:—</i></p> <p>(i) Degree in Medicine of recognised University or equivalent medical qualification with post-graduate qualification in public health.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>At least Second Class Master's or equivalent Honours degree in Organic Chemistry or Bio-Chemistry of recognised University.</p> <p>(ii) About 10 years' experience in a responsible post in a laboratory or Research organisation in analysis of food, and intimate knowledge of food standards and of problems connected with food adulteration.</p>

## SCHEDULE

*Laboratory, Calcutta in Ministry of Health*

Whether age and educational qualifications prescribed for the direct recruits will apply in the case of protees	Period of probation if any	Method of recruitment whether by direct recruitment or by promotion or transfer and percentage of the vacancies to be filled by various methods	In case of recruitment by promotion/transfer grades from which promotion to be made	If a DPC exists what is its composition	Circumstances in which U.P.S.C. is to be consulted in making recruitment
8	9	10	11	12	13
N.A.	One year.	By direct recruitment	M.A.	N.A.	For direct recruitment.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
						<p>(iii) Adequate experience of conducting research on food composition and ability to guide research (Evidence to be furnished).</p> <p>(iv) Adequate administrative experience in a responsible post. Qualifications relaxable at Commission's discretion in case of candidates otherwise well-qualified.</p> <p><i>Desirable:—</i> Training and research in Toxicology or Bacteriology.</p>
2. Chief Technical Officer	One	G.C.S. Class I Gazetted	Rs. 600-40-1,000	Selection	*Below 45 years	<p><i>Essential:—</i></p> <p>(i) At least a Second Class Master's or equivalent Honours degree in Chemistry of a recognised University with Organic Chemistry as a special subject.</p> <p>(ii) About 5 years experience of Organic analysis, particularly of food products in a responsible capacity. Qualifications relaxable at Commission's discretion in case of candidates otherwise well-qualified.</p> <p><i>Desirable:—</i> Special training in analysis of food and drugs.</p>
3. Senior Analyst	One	G.C.S. Class I Gazetted	350-350-380-380-30-590-EB-30-770-40-850	Selection	*Below 40 years	<p><i>Essential:—</i></p> <p>(i) At least a Second Class Master's or equivalent Honours degree in Chemistry of a recognised University with Organic Chemistry as a special subject.</p> <p>(ii) About 2 years' experience of Organic analysis, particularly of food products in a responsible capacity. Qualification relaxable at Commission's discretion in case of candidates otherwise well-qualified.</p> <p><i>Desirable:—</i></p>



8	9	10	11	12	13
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No. ]	One year,	By promotion failing which by direct recruitment.	Promotion Senior Analyst with Class I at least 3 years' experience in the grade	As required under the rules
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No. ]	One year	By promotion failing which by direct recruitment	Junior Analyst with at least 3 year's experience in the grade	Class I D.P.C.	As required under the rules
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1	2	3	4	5	6	7
4. Junior Analyst.	Two	G.C.S. Class II Gazetted	Rs. 275-25-500-EB-30-590	N.A.	*Below 35 years	<p><i>Essential:—</i></p> <p>(i) Master's or equivalent Honours degree in Chemistry of a recognised University with Organic Chemistry as a special subject.</p> <p>(ii) Adequate training and/or experience of food analysis.</p> <p>Qualifications relaxable at Commission's discretion in case of candidates otherwise well-qualified.</p> <p><i>Desirable:—</i></p> <p>Post graduate degree in Chemistry.</p>

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8	9	10	11	12	13
N.A.	One year	By direct Recruitment	N.A.	N.A.	For direct recruitment

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\*NOTE.—Age limit relaxable in case of Scheduled Castes/Scheduled Tribes, displaced persons and other special categories in accordance with the instructions issued by the Ministry of Home Affairs from time to time and for Government servants.

[No. F. 13-10/57-PH.]

T. V. ANANTANARAYANAN, Under Secy.

**MINISTRY OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE****(Department of Food)****ORDER***New Delhi, the 19th May 1959*

**G.S.R. 636.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Rice (Southern Zone) Movement Control Order, 1957, namely:—

*Amendment*

In the said Order, in paragraph (a) of the second proviso to clause 3, for the words "State Government concerned", the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

"State Government concerned or any officer authorized by that Government in this behalf".

[No. 201(4)/D/305/58-PY.II.]

S. N. BHALLA, Dy. Secy.

**(Department of Food)****ORDER***New Delhi-1, the 25th May 1959/4th Jaistha 1881*

**G.S.R. 637/Ess.Com./S.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government rescinds the Punjab Sugarcane (Prohibition of Use for Manufacture of Gur) Order, 1959, issued with G.S.R.—220/Ess.Com./S., dated the 23rd February, 1959.

[No. 3-1/59-SV.]

**G.S.R. 638/Ess.Com./Sugar.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment to the Sugar (Control) Order, 1955, namely—

*Amendment*

For sub-clause (a) of clause 3 of the said Order, the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(a) direct that no sugar shall be manufactured from sugarcane except under and in accordance with the conditions specified in a licence issued in this behalf whether on payment of a fee or otherwise."

[No. 10-1/59-SV.]

SWAMI DAYAL OBEROI, Under Secy. (Sugar).

**ERRATA**

In the Ministry of Works Housing and Supply Notifications Nos. 15(5)/58-EWI(I), 15(5)/58-EWI(III) and 15(5)/58-EWI(IV), dated the 31st December, 1958, published in the Gazette of India, Part II—Section 3, sub-section (i), dated the 10th January, 1959, as G.S.R. Nos. 39, 36 and 37, respectively, the following corrections are to be made:—

*Central Engineering Service, Class I* [G.S.R. 39]

Page 106, para. 3(a), line 7—

for 'on payment' read 'one payment'.

Page 108, para. 17(d), line 2—

for 'therefore' read 'thereof'.

Page 108, para. (17d), line 6—

for 'of' at the end of the line, read 'or'.

*Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class I, [G.S.R. 36]*

Page 90, line 2 of the heading under Appendix I—

for the words "vide rule 19(c)" read 'vide rule 9(c)'.

*Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class II [G.S.R. 37]*

Page 94, para. 7, last sentence—

for 'that' read 'the'.

## MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

*New Delhi, the 20th May 1959*

**G.S.R. 639.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 8 of the Cinematograph Act, 1952 (37 of 1952), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1958, namely:—

Sub-rule (4) of rule 11 of the said Rules shall be omitted.

[No. 10/2/59-FC-CCR.Am/6.]

*New Delhi, the 21st May 1959*

**G.S.R. 640.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 5B of the Cinematograph Act, 1952 (37 of 1952), the Central Government hereby issue the following directions to the Board of Film Censors, setting out the principles which shall guide the Board in sanctioning films for public exhibition, namely:—

Directions to the Board of Film Censors setting out the principles which shall guide the Board in sanctioning films for public exhibition.

### General Principles

1. No picture shall be certified for public exhibition which will lower the moral standards of those who see it.

Hence the sympathy of the audience shall not be thrown on the side of crime, wrong-doing, evil or sin.

2. Standards of life, having regard to the standards of the country and the people to which the story relates, shall not be so portrayed as to deprave the morality of the audience.

3. The prevailing laws shall not be so ridiculed as to create sympathy for violation of such laws.

### Application of General Principles

As it is desirable that there shall, as far as possible, be a uniform standard for determining whether a film is suitable or not for unrestricted public exhibition or for public exhibition restricted to adults, the Central Government prescribes the following rules for the guidance of the Board:—

1. It is not desirable that a film shall be certified as suitable for public exhibition, either unrestricted or restricted to adults, which:—

(A) deals with crime in such a manner as to:

(i) extenuate criminal acts;

(ii) depict the modus operandi of criminals;

(iii) throw the glamour of romance and heroism over criminal characters;

(iv) enlist the sympathy or admiration of the audience for criminal characters;

(v) hold up to contempt those responsible for, or engaged in the prevention, detection or punishment of criminals;

- (vi) create the impression that crime pays or is a normal incident of ordinary life and not to be reprobated;

(N.B.—The mere fact that the picture shows the criminal as being punished for his crime shall not, by itself, be regarded as a good reason for certifying a picture if the general impression created by the picture is such as to incite people to crime).

(B) deals with vice or immorality in such a manner as to:

- (i) extenuate vicious or immoral acts;
- (ii) undermine the accepted canons of decency;
- (iii) depict vice or immorality as attractive;
- (iv) cast a halo of success or glory round the vicious or immoral;
- (v) enlist the sympathy or admiration of the audience for vicious or immoral characters;
- (vi) suggest that the attainment of a laudable end is justified by vicious or immoral means or improper motives;
- (vii) create the impression that vice and immorality are not to be reprobated;

(N.B.—The mere fact that the picture shows a vicious or immoral person as suffering the consequences of his vice or immorality shall not, by itself, be regarded as a good reason for certifying a picture).

(C) deals with the relations between the sexes in such a manner as to:—

- (i) lower the sacredness of the institution of marriage;
- (ii) suggest that illicit sexual relations are ordinary incidents of life and not to be reprobated;
- (iii) depict
  - (a) rape, premeditated seduction, or criminal assaults on women;
  - (b) immoral traffic in women;
  - (c) soliciting, prostitution or procuration;
  - (d) illicit sexual relations;
  - (e) excessively passionate love scenes;
  - (f) indelicate sexual situations;
  - (g) scenes suggestive of immorality;

(D) exhibits the human form, actually or in shadowgraphs:

- (i) in a state of nudity; or
- (ii) indecorously or suggestively clothed;
- (iii) indecorous or sensuous posture;

(E) brings into contempt the armed forces, or the public services or persons entrusted with the administration of law and order.

(F) is intended or likely to:

- (i) wound the susceptibilities of any foreign nation or any community or the followers of any religion;
- (ii) foment social unrest or discontent to such an extent as to incite people to crime;
- (iii) promote disorder, violence, a breach of the law or disaffection or resistance to Government.

Explanation to Clauses (E) and (F):—

First:—The following types of films shall be considered unsuitable for public exhibition:—

- (i) A film which is likely to arouse disrespect of a foreign country or is liable to be looked upon by a foreign country as derogatory to itself, or which is liable to embarrass the relations of the Government of India with any foreign Government;
- (ii) A film which preaches or is liable to incite people to acts of violence or which tends to encourage subversive activity with a view to overthrowing established authority or institutions;

Second:—In particular, the following matters shall be regarded as objectionable:—

- (i) Disparaging references to the people of a foreign country or the head of a foreign State;
- (ii) Picturisation of subversive methods or of guerilla technique.

II. In addition to the matters dealt with generally in Section I, the following subjects may be objectionable:—

- (i) confinements;
- (ii) details of surgical operations;
- (iii) venereal disease or other loathsome disease such as leprosy or sores;
- (iv) suicide or genocide;
- (v) the unnecessary exhibition of feminine under-clothing;
- (vi) indecorous dancing;
- (vii) indecent dress, conduct, speech, song or theme, or indecent portrayal of national institutions, traditions, customs or culture;
- (viii) importunation of women;
- (ix) cruelty to children;
- (x) torture of adults;
- (xi) brutal fighting, gruesome murders or scenes of strangulations;
- (xii) executions;
- (xiii) excessive bleeding or mutilation;
- (xiv) cruelty to animals;
- (xv) drunkenness or drinking that is not essential to the theme of the story;
- (xvi) traffic in drugs and the use of drugs;
- (xvii) accentuation of class distinctions or stimulating class hatred;
- (xviii) realistic horrors of warfare;
- (xix) horror as a predominant element;
- (xx) scenes and incidents likely to afford information to the enemy in time of war;
- (xxi) exploitation of tragic incidents of war;
- (xxii) blackmail associated with immorality;
- (xxiii) intimate biological studies;
- (xxiv) crippled limbs or malformations;
- (xxv) gross travesties of the administration of justice;
- (xxvi) beggary;
- (xxvii) defamation of any living person;
- (xxviii) abject or disgusting poverty.

III. It is not proposed that certification of a film should be refused altogether, or that it should be certified as suitable for adult audiences only, where the deletion of a part or parts, will render it suitable for unrestricted public exhibition or for exhibition restricted to adults, and such deletion is made, unless the film is such as to deprave the morality of the audience and even excisions will not cure the defects.

IV. It is undesirable that a certificate for unrestricted public exhibition shall be granted in respect of a film depicting a story, or containing incidents unsuitable for young persons.

In particular, under this head, the following subjects are objectionable:—

- (i) anything which may strike terror in a young person, e.g. scenes depicting ghosts, brutality, mutilations, torture, cruelty, etc.;
- (ii) anything tending to disrupt domestic harmony or the confidence of a child in its parents, e.g. scenes depicting parents quarreling violently, or one of them striking the other, or one or both of them behaving immorally;
- (iii) anything tending to make a person of tender years insensitive to cruelty to other or to animals.

[No. 10/2/59-FC.]

D. R. KHANNA, Under Secy.